CS 4/53201 Operating Systems
Project #1
Due via e-mail by 11:59pm on Tuesday, March 4, 2003

Objective

This project should be done individually. In this project you will read the Nachos source code and answer questions about it. You will also modify Nachos code to implement the programming assignment. The project is worth the total of 50 points.

Getting Started

First, you have to install and compile Nachos. See the instructions on the course's webpage. After successful compilation of Nachos, run the executable to make sure it produces the expected results.

Reading Nachos Source Code

It is suggested that you read the files in the order described below. As you do so, read the corresponding sections in Thomas Narten's "A Road Map Through Nachos" and Archna Kalr   An Operating Systems Tutorial". The links to both of these documents are available from the course's webpage. First, read the code for Nachos operating system. It is located in subdirectory `threads`. When you compiled Nachos the `Makefile` turned `THREADS` directive on (there are several pointers to makefile tutorials on the webpage for the course). Notice what portions of code in the files below were included due to this directive. Note also that other Nachos features like USER_PROGRAM, FILESYS, and NETWORK were turned off. Notice what command line arguments you can give to Nachos and what global data structures are created. Start reading the code by going through the following files

- `threads/main.cc, threads/threadtest.cc` – main function and simple test of thread routines;
- `threads/system.h, threads/system.cc` – Nachos startup/shutdown routines;

Read through the following files to see how Nachos implements and schedules threads. Study the `Scheduler` and `Thread` classes:

- `threads/thread.h, threads/thread.cc` – thread data structures and thread operations such as `fork(), yield(), sleep(), and finish();`
- `threads/scheduler.h, threads/scheduler.cc` – manages the list of threads that are ready to run;
- `threads/switch.h, threads/switch.s` – assembly language routines for creating, and deleting threads and context switch. Skim through these files. You are not expected to understand the details.
- `threads/list.h, threads./list.cc` – generic list management
- `threads/utility.h, threads/utility.cc` – some useful definitions and debugging routines.

After reviewing Nachos OS part, look at the Nachos simulated machine. The code for the machine is located in `machine` directory. Concentrate on the files listed below:

- `machine/machine.h, machine/machine.cc` – emulates the part of the machine that executes user programs: main memroy, processsor regiester, etc.;
- `machine/mipssim.cc` – emulates the integer instruction set of a MIPS R2/3000 CPU.
- `machine/interrupt.h, machine/interrupt.cc` – manage enabling and disabling interrupts as part of the machine emulation;
- `machine/timer.h, machine/timer.cc` – emulate a clock that periodically causes an interrupt to occur;

- `machine/stats.h` – collect execution statistics.

Debugging Nachos Source Code

There are three main ways to study and debug your Nachos program:

- **using Nachos `DEBUG/ASSERT` function:** the function itself is specified in `threads/utility.h`. The output produced by this routine is controlled by the command line options given to `nachos` at run-time. These options are described in `threads/main.cc` and `threads/system.cc`. The debugging option is "`-d`"; Run "`nachos -d t`" to see what your code is doing. You can add your own `DEBUG` calls and your own options

- **using `printf`:** you can use `printf` statements to output the values the variables assume at different times of program execution. **Caveat:** the output is not displayed immediately, it is. Use `fflush()` to force immediate printing;

- **using `gdb`:** `gdb` is a general purpose source level debugger. Using it is a comprehensive way of debugging your Nachos programs. Check the course's webpage for reference materials on `gdb`. You should try using `gdb` before asking the TA or the instructor for help with your code.

Getting Help

Help is available from the instructor (Mikhail Nesterenko) and the TA (Meiduo Wu). The easiest way to reach us is through e-mail. Both of us have our office hours listed on the course's webpage. If you need a consultation outside office hours please make an appointment. The office hours may be extended as the project deadline approaches:

- for clarifications on the assignment itself contact the instructor;
- with questions on Nachos contact either the instructor or the TA;
- for help with your code or debugging, contact the TA.

Cooperation vs. Cheating

See the class syllabus. Contact the instructor if you have any questions. For this project, you are allowed to study the Nachos source code with your friends, buy you have to work on the problems and the programming assignment individually.

Problems

These questions concern Nachos OS:

1) What module (file) and what function is function `ThreadTest` started from?

2) What does the following statement do?

```
t->fork(procedure, parameter);
```

What are the parameters to `fork` and how are they used?

2) What does the following statement declare?

```
Thread *t = new Thread("string");
```

What is **string** used for?

3) What does the following statement do?

```
DEBUG('t', "Entering SimpleTest");
```

How are the two parameters for `DEBUG` used?

4) What does `yield()` do? What happens if `yield()` is executed and there is no other thread to run?

5) When does a thread execute `Finish()`? Can a thread execute `return()` instead? Can it execute `exit()` instead?

6) What does `scheduler::ReadyToRun()` do?

7) What does `scheduler::Run()` do and how is it different from `scheduler::ReadyToRun()`?

8) What data structure is defined in `list.h` and `list.cc` and how is it used in `scheduler`?

9) What module and what portion actually removes data structures of a finished thread and why the thread itself cannot do the cleanup?

10) What module keeps track of time used by nachos programs? Why cannot standard Unix time be used for this purpose?

Programming Assignment

All changes you make to Nachos source code must be clearly marked as follows:

```
//project 1 changes start here
<put your changes here>
//project 1 changes end here
```

Modify Nachos `main()` function so that it accepts a new option "-a". This option can be followed by a phrase of unspecified length. For example, the nachos executable can be run as:

```
prompt% nachos –a Object Oriented Programming at Kent-State
```

Modify a function `Threadtest` so that it creates two threads (`vow` and `cons`). The threads should take turns printing the respective words of the phrase supplied on the command line. The `vow` thread should print all the words that start with a vowel and the `cons` thread should print all words starting with a consonant. Note that the `ThreadTest` should **not** print anything itself – the output should be supplied by the threads it creates. Note that the order of the words in the phrase should not be changed in the printout. Your program should work for a phrase of any reasonable length not just the one given in the example. The output of your program should look similar to the following.

```
prompt% nachos -a Object Oriented Programming at Kent-State
Entering main
vow:      Object
vow:      Oriented
cons:     Programming
vow:      at
cons:     Kent-State
No threads ready or runnable, and no pending interrupts.
Assuming the program completed.
Machine halting!
[…]
Cleaning up...
prompt%
```

Hint: declare a globally accessible list of stings, store the command line arguments there and use list handling routines specified in `threads/list.h, threads/list.cc` to manipulate your list.

Submitting Your Project

You have to submit your project to the teaching assistant (Meiduo Wu   `mwu@mcs.kent.edu`) by e-mail. She will acknowledge the receipt of your project within a day. Send **only** the files you modified – for example `thread.cc` and `thread.h`. Include the plainte-text file with your answers. Your submission should be in the form of a tar archive. The command to create the archive file (named `project1.tar` containing files `thread.cc`, `thread.h` and `answers.txt`) is as follows:

```
tar cvf project1.tar thread.cc thread.h answers.txt
```

Grading

Each question is worth 2 points. Thus, the programming assignment is worth 30 points. At least 2/3 of the grade for the programming assignment is given if the program works correctly. If the program does not work you may still submit it and explain the reasons what is wrong with the program and why you think it does not work. Put your explanation in `answers.txt`. Partial credit may be assigned. Late projects are accepted. See syllabus for late policies.

Disk Space Usage

Nachos with compiled binaries may take over 4 Meg of disk space. Note that the usual quota for undergraduates on the departmental network is 10 Meg. If you exceed your disk quota you will not be able to login to your account. Seek help of the system administrators if you have quota problems. You can check your disk quota usage with the following command:

```
prompt% quota -v
```